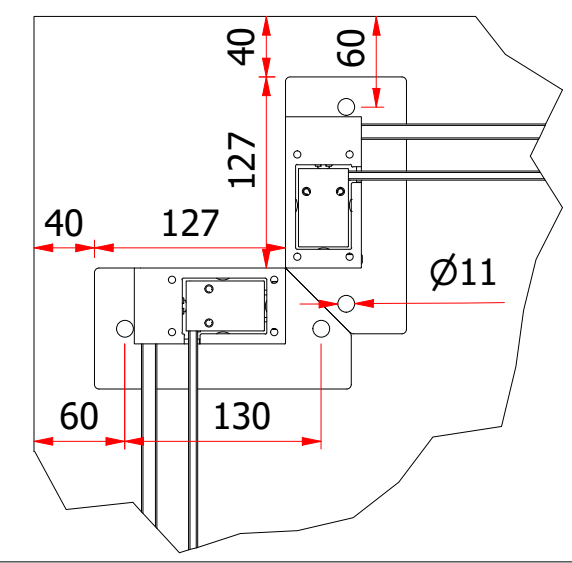


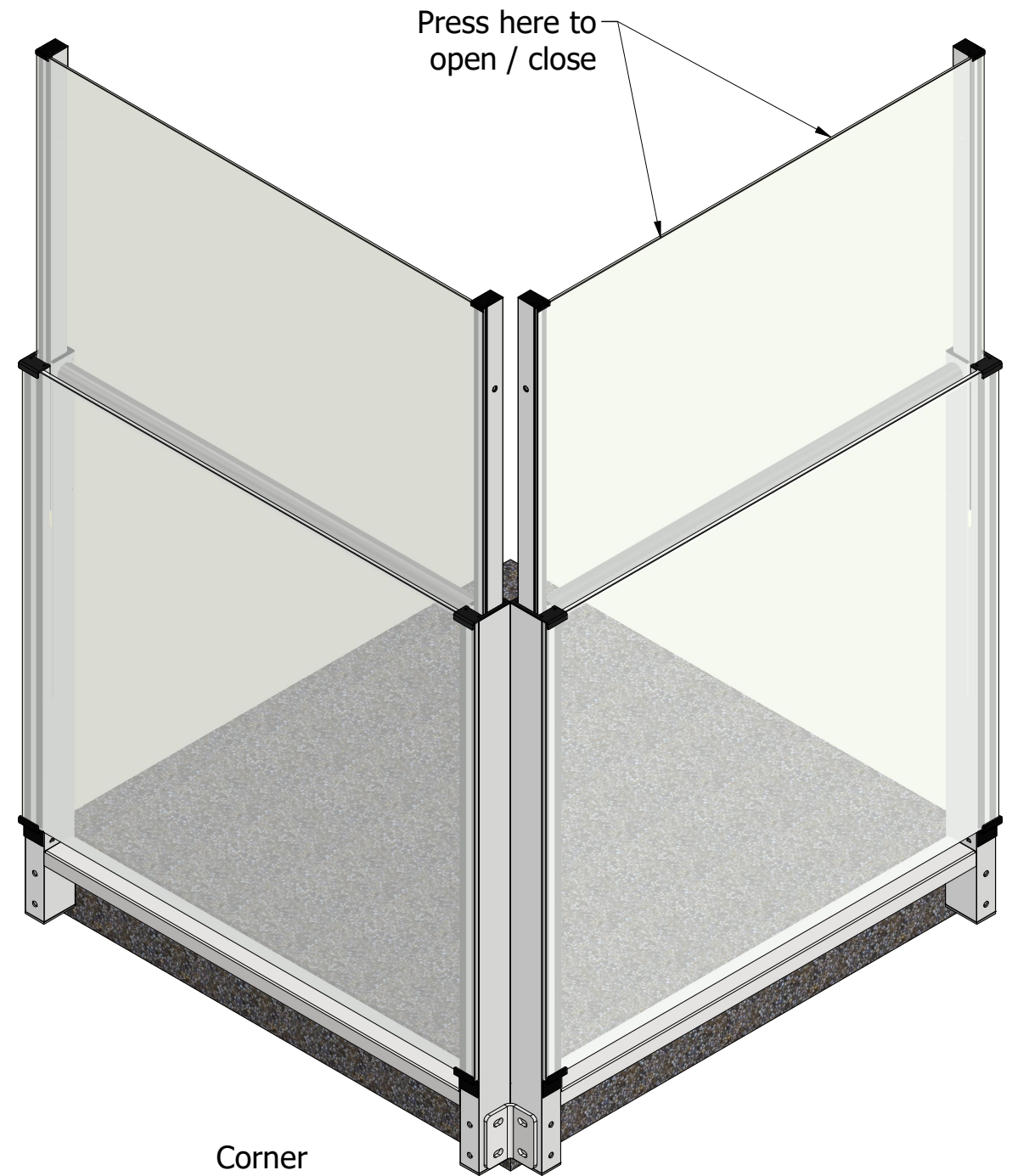
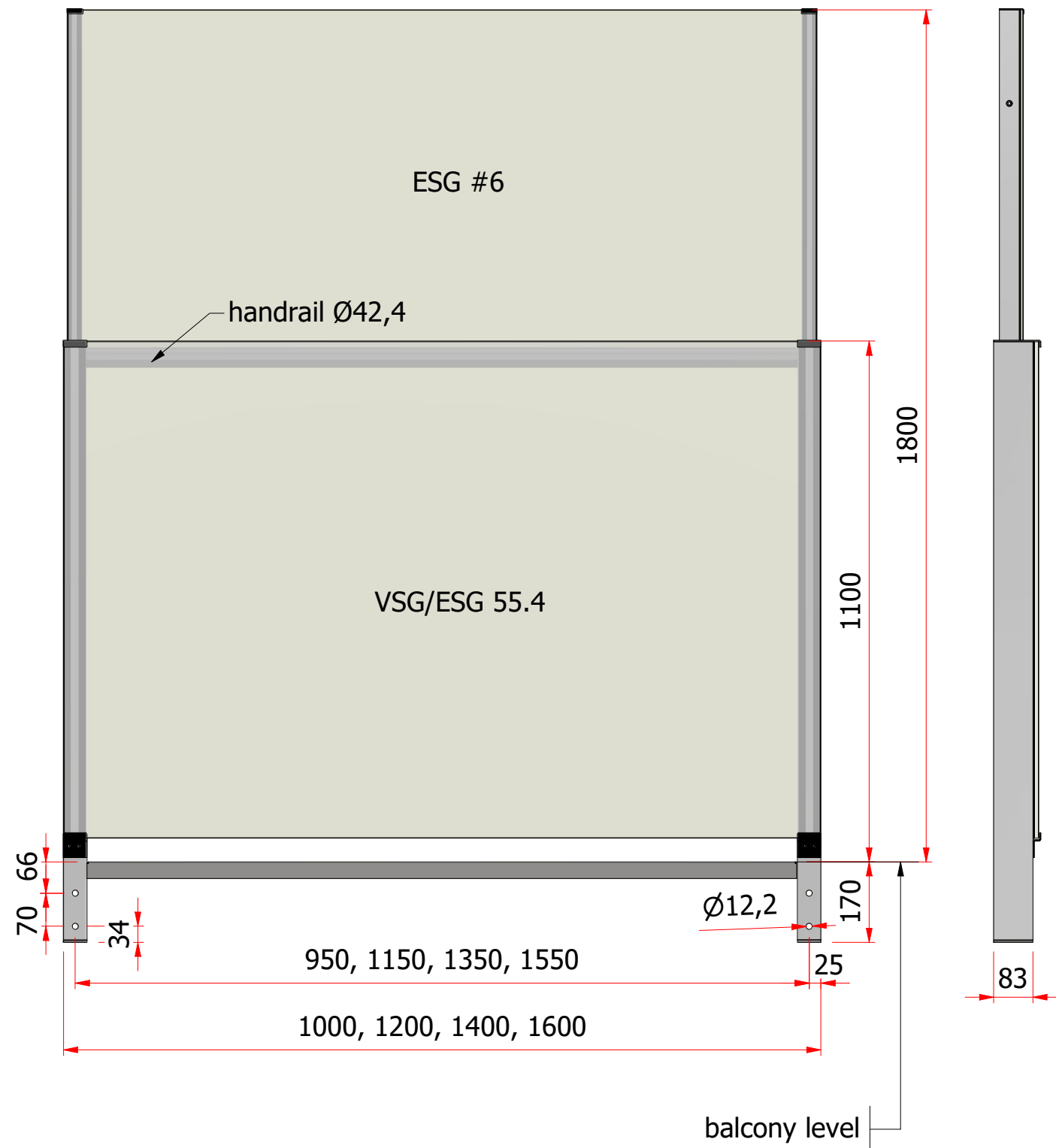
Corner View from top



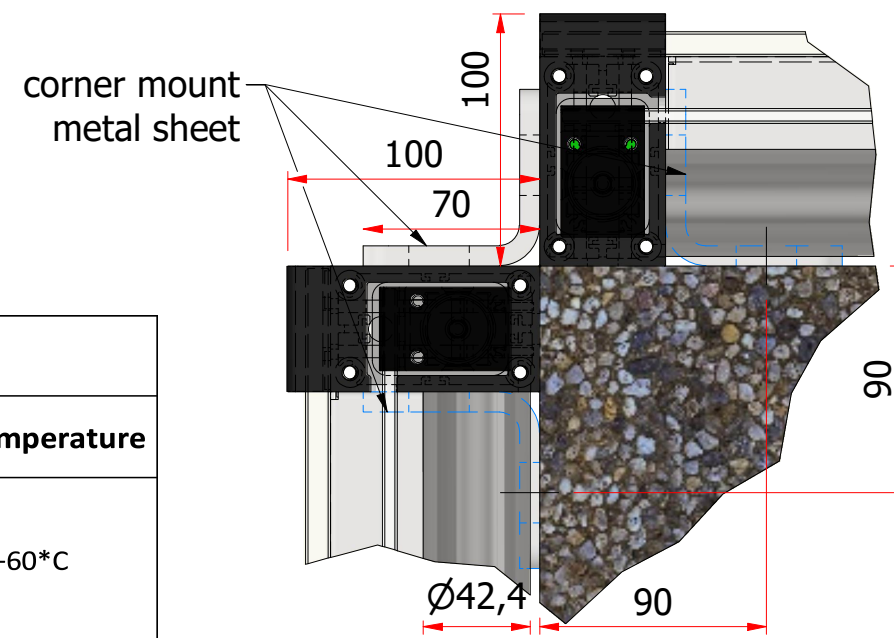
**Specification of Wind-Dam balustrades**

Type of installation	Heights	Material	Module length	Strength	Wind resistance	Working temperature
From the top (M10 8.8)	1,1 - 1,8 m	Aluminium, glass, stainless steel	1 m	1 kN/m	open - 120 km/h close - 200 km/h	-20°C +60°C
			1,2 m	1 kN/m		
			1,4 m	1 kN/m		
			1,6 m	1 kN/m		

WIND-DAM	Designed by Tobiasz	Date 13.09.2022
BALU - technical datasheet		
	Size A3	Sheet 1 / 2



Corner View from top



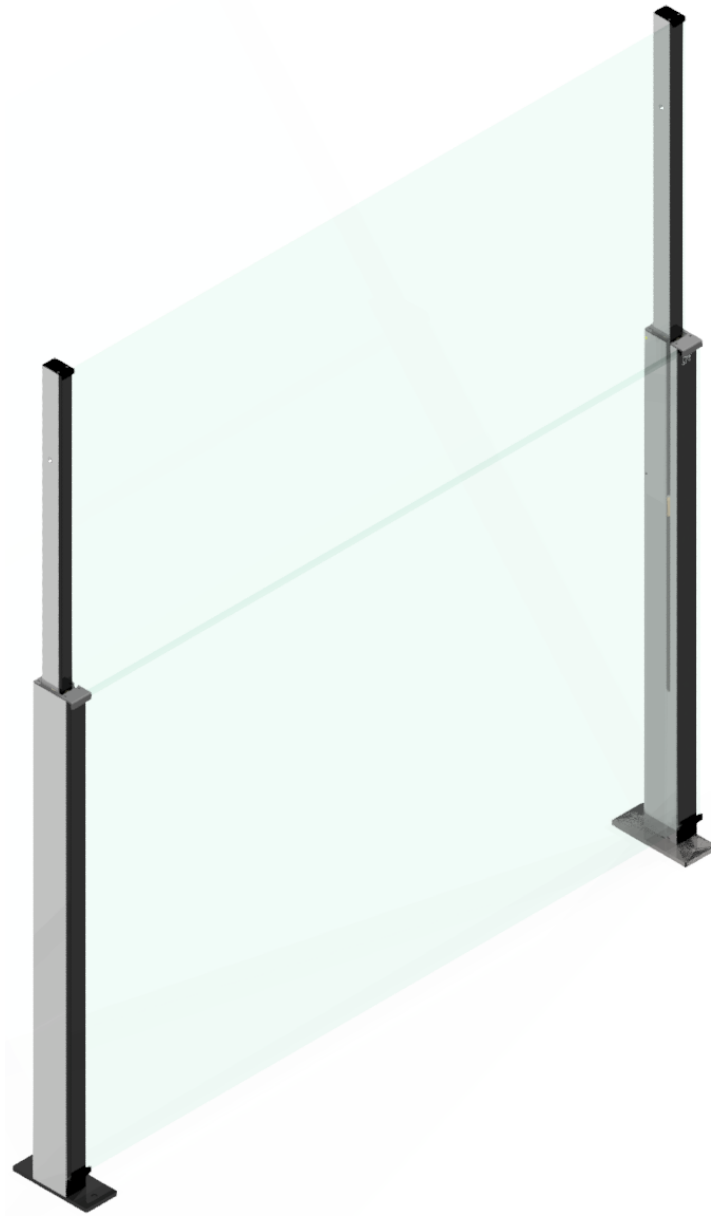
**Specification of Wind-Dam balustrades**

Type of installation	Heights	Material	Module length	Strength	Wind resistance	Working temperature
Front (M12 8.8)	1,1 - 1,8 m	Aluminium, glass, stainless steel	1 m	3 kN/m	open - 120 km/h close - 200 km/h	-20°C +60°C
			1,2 m	2 kN/m		
			1,4 m	2 kN/m		
			1,6 m	2 kN/m		

WIND-DAM	Designed by Tobiasz	Date 13.09.2022
BALU - technical datasheet		
	Size A3	Sheet 2 / 2



# WIND-DAM TECHNICAL REPORT



Product: Wind-dam  
Type: 1,6m top mounting

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## 1. Introduction

This is a report from an internal test conducted by Wind-dam company. It was intended to check the quality of the balustrade, and gives possibility to compare results with various standards.

## 2. Test Procedure

The test was performed on the longest available **Wind-dam railing module,  $L=1.6$  meters**, which is the least strength version available. Balustrade was top mounted on a steel beam using M10 bolts.

### 2.1. Horizontal load test procedure

The test scheme is shown in the figure 1. The testing loads was determined according to PN-EN 1991-1-1:2004 Eurocode 1. The loads value used for tested balustrade is shown in the Figure 2 . A horizontal uniformly distributed linear load was applied with hydraulic actuator and a load cell to the glass (not to the posts) at a height 1.1m from the floor. The deflection was measured at the top central point of the glass pane. The load was applied and removed 3 times.

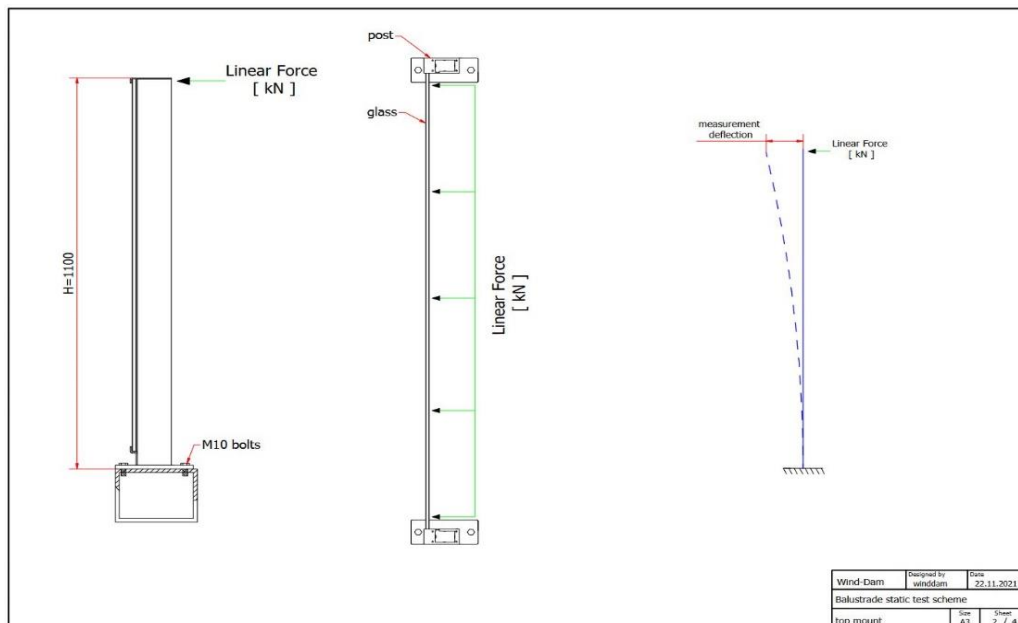


Figure 1: Scheme of static load test

balustrade length x force per meter in Newtons	linear force load [kN] for balustrade 1,6m
1,6m x 1kN/m	1,6
1,6m x 1,5kN/m	2,4
1,6m x 2kN/m	3,2
1,6m x 2,5kN/m	4
1,6m x 3kN/m	4,8

Figure 2: Determined load value used in test acc. to EN 1991



Figure 3: Balustrade during horizontal load test

### 2.2. Impact test resistance procedure

Soft and heavy body impact test was made according to DIN 18008-4. Used Impactor was similar to that described in EN 12600. The impact energy was 300J. The pendulum impact



test was performed in the middle of the glass pane, within the area, which is defined on scheme in fig. 4.

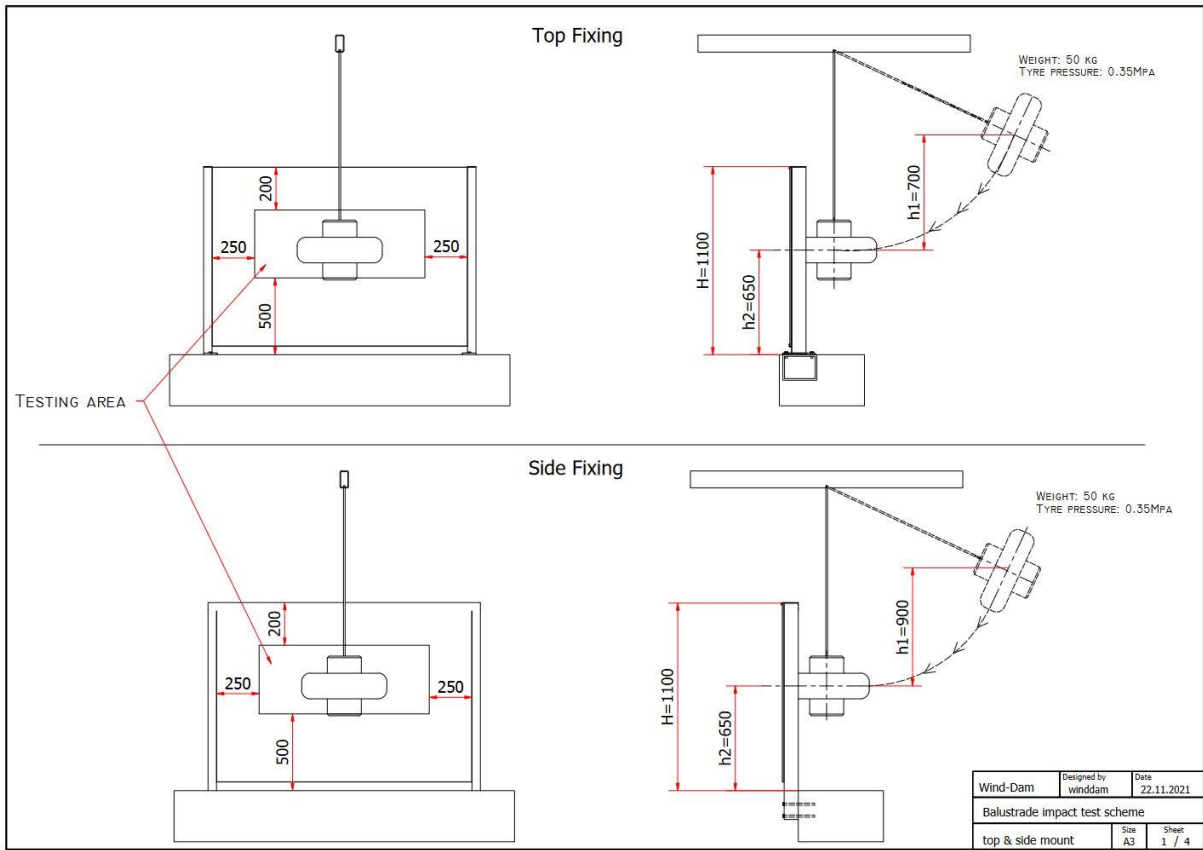


Figure 4: Impact test scheme for two type of wind-dam products

### 3. Test Results

#### 3.1. Horizontal load test results

date: 31.08.2022

Wind-Dam 1,6m , top fixing 4 x M10					Observations	
Linear load force [kN]	0	1,6	2,4			No any damage during the test. After removing the force, the balustrade returned to its original position, with zero residual deflection.
Measurement temporary deflection [mm]	0	19	27			

Used assesement criteria ( according to procedure of Polish Building Research Institute ITB PB LK-140/1/04-2013 )
Max temporary deflection $\leq H/50$ [mm] = <b>22mm</b>
Max residual deflection $\leq H/100$ [mm] = 11mm

Assessment criteria according to various standards	
Standard	Max temporary deflection
BS 6180	$\leq 25$ mm
ASTM E2353	$\leq 25$ mm
CSTB	$\leq 35$ mm
NS 3510:2015	$\leq 50$ mm
NBR 14718	$\leq 20$ mm

	pass
	to improve

Figure 5: Results table and example criterias depending for standard

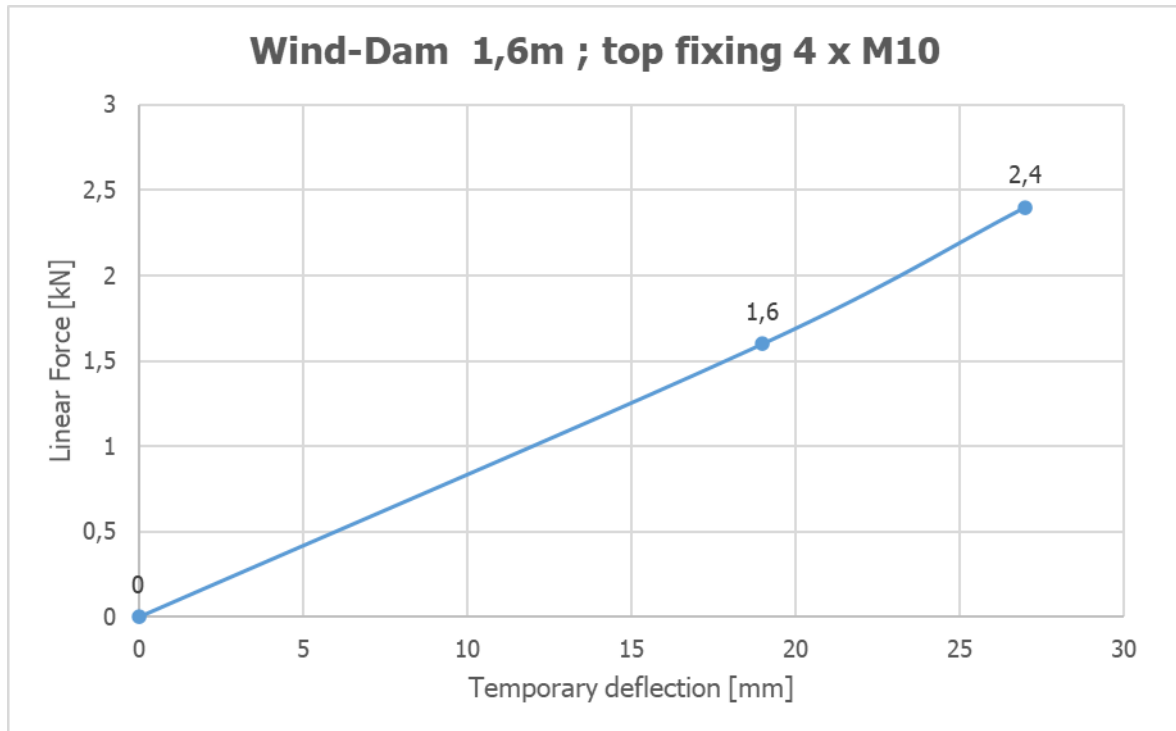


Figure 6: Results on the graph, (load to deflection ratio)

### 3.2. Impact test resistance

Balustrade resisted 3 times test of soft body impact. After each hit, the whole structure was inspected for potential permanent deformation or connections damage. None was noticed.

## 4. Comments

The tests carried out can help in assessing the performance of the railing. In the most standards, method of testing is the same or very similar. However, there are no universal international standard for the assessment of guardrail performance. The relevant standards and laws of each country have to be followed. Don't matter what is mentioned in the report.



# WIND-DAM TECHNICAL REPORT



Product: Wind-dam balcony

Type: 1,6m side mount





## Contents

1. Introduction .....	3
2. Test Procedure .....	3
2.1. Horizontal load test procedure.....	3
2.2. Impact test resistance procedure.....	4
3. Test Results .....	4
3.1. Horizontal load test results.....	4
3.2. Impact test resistance .....	5
4. Comments.....	5

# 1. Introduction

This is a report from an internal test conducted by Wind-dam company. It was intended to check the quality of the balustrade, and gives possibility to compare results with various standards.

## 2. Test Procedure

The test was performed on the longest available **Wind-dam balcony railing module, L= 1.6 meters**, which is the least strength version available. Balustrade was side mounted on a concrete block using glued-in anchors.

### 2.1. Horizontal load test procedure

The test scheme is shown in the figure 1. The testing loads was determined according to PN-EN 1991-1-1:2004 Eurocode 1. The loads value used for tested balustrade is shown in the Figure 2 . A horizontal uniformly distributed linear load was applied with hydraulic actuator and a load cell to the glass (not to the posts) at a height 1.1m from the floor. The deflection was measured at the top central point of the glass pane. The load was applied and removed 3 times.

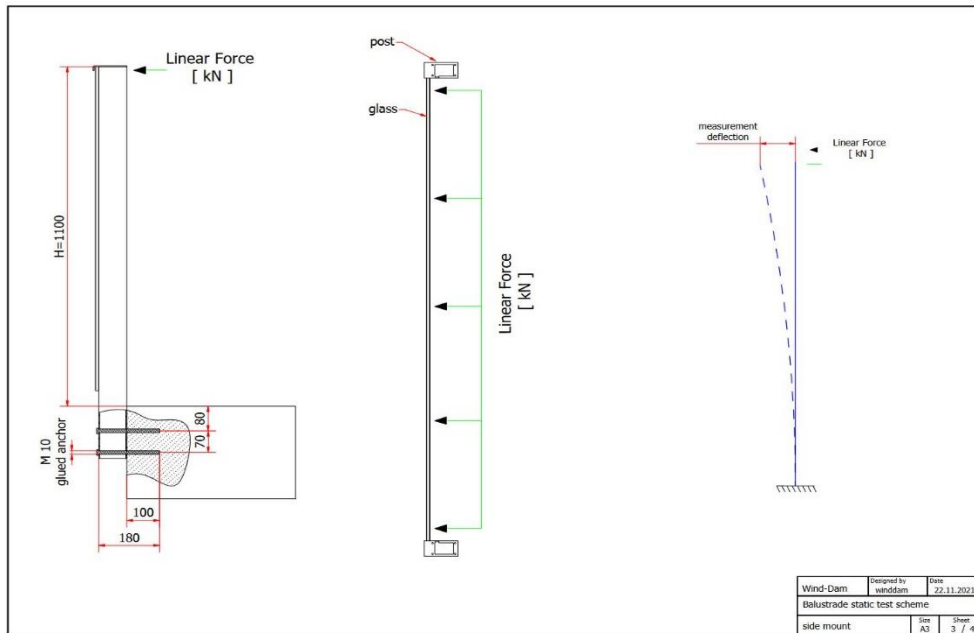


Figure 1: Scheme of static load test

balustrade length x force per meter in Newtons	linear force load [kN] for balustrade 1,6m
1,6m x 1kN/m	1,6
1,6m x 1,5kN/m	2,4
1,6m x 2kN/m	3,2
1,6m x 2,5kN/m	4
1,6m x 3kN/m	4,8

Figure 2: Determined load value used in test acc. to EN 1991



Figure 3: Balustrade during horizontal load test

## 2.2. Impact test resistance procedure

Soft and heavy body impact test was made according to DIN 18008-4. Used Impactor was similar to that described in EN 12600. The impact energy was 450J. The pendulum impact test was performed in the middle of the glass pane, within the area, which is defined on scheme in fig. 4.

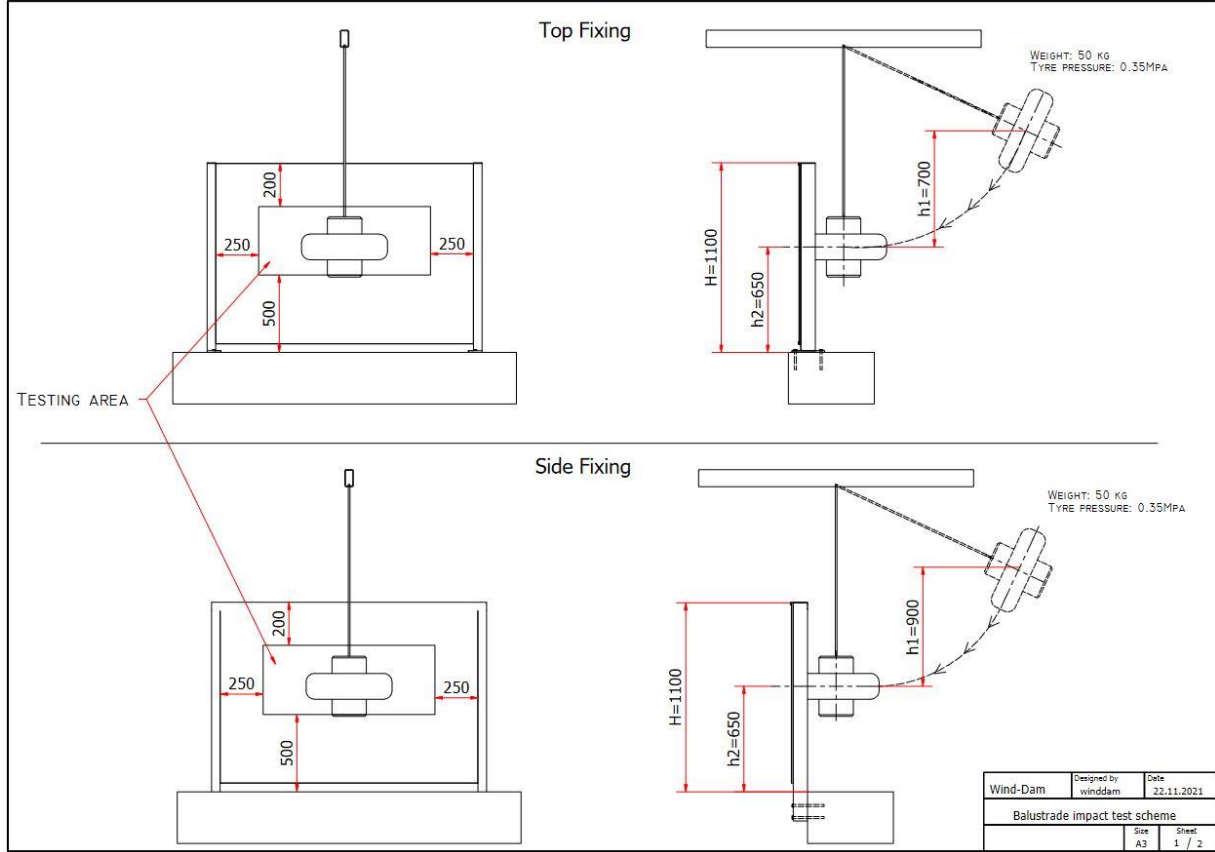


Figure 4: Impact test scheme for two type of wind-dam products

## 3. Test Results

### 3.1. Horizontal load test results

date: 24.08.2022

Wind-Dam 1,6m balcony, side fixing 4 x M10								Observations
Linear load force [kN]	0	1,6	2,4	3,2	4	4,8	0	No any damage during the test. After removing the force, the balustrade returned to its original position, with zero residual deflection.
Measurement temporary deflection [mm]	0	14	20	24	30	36	0	

Used assesement criteria ( according to procedure of Polish Building Research Institute ITB PB LK-140/1/04-2013 )
Max temporary deflection $\leq H/50$ [mm] = <b>22mm</b>
Max residual deflection $\leq H/100$ [mm] = 11mm

Assessment criteria according to various standards	
Standard	Max temporary deflection
BS 6180	$\leq 25$ mm
ASTM E2353	$\leq 25$ mm
CSTB	$\leq 35$ mm
NS 3510:2015	$\leq 50$ mm
NBR 14718	$\leq 20$ mm

	pass
	to improve

Figure 5: Results table and example criterias depending for standard

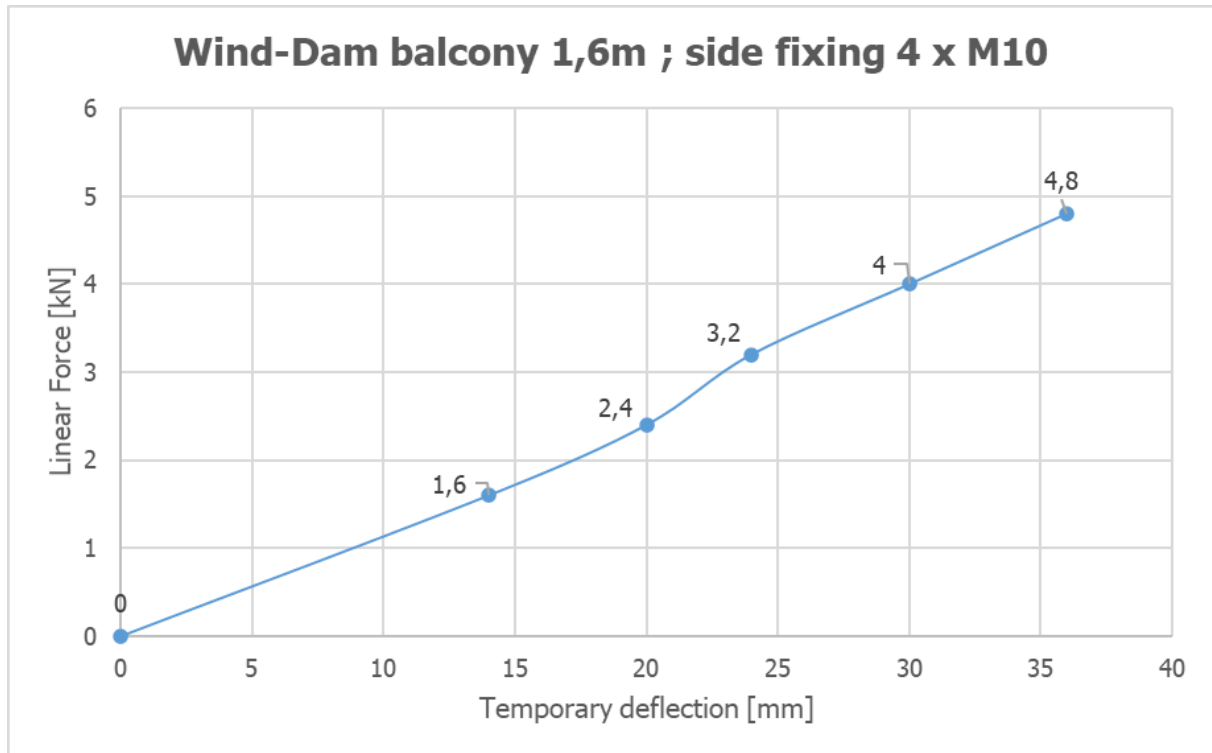


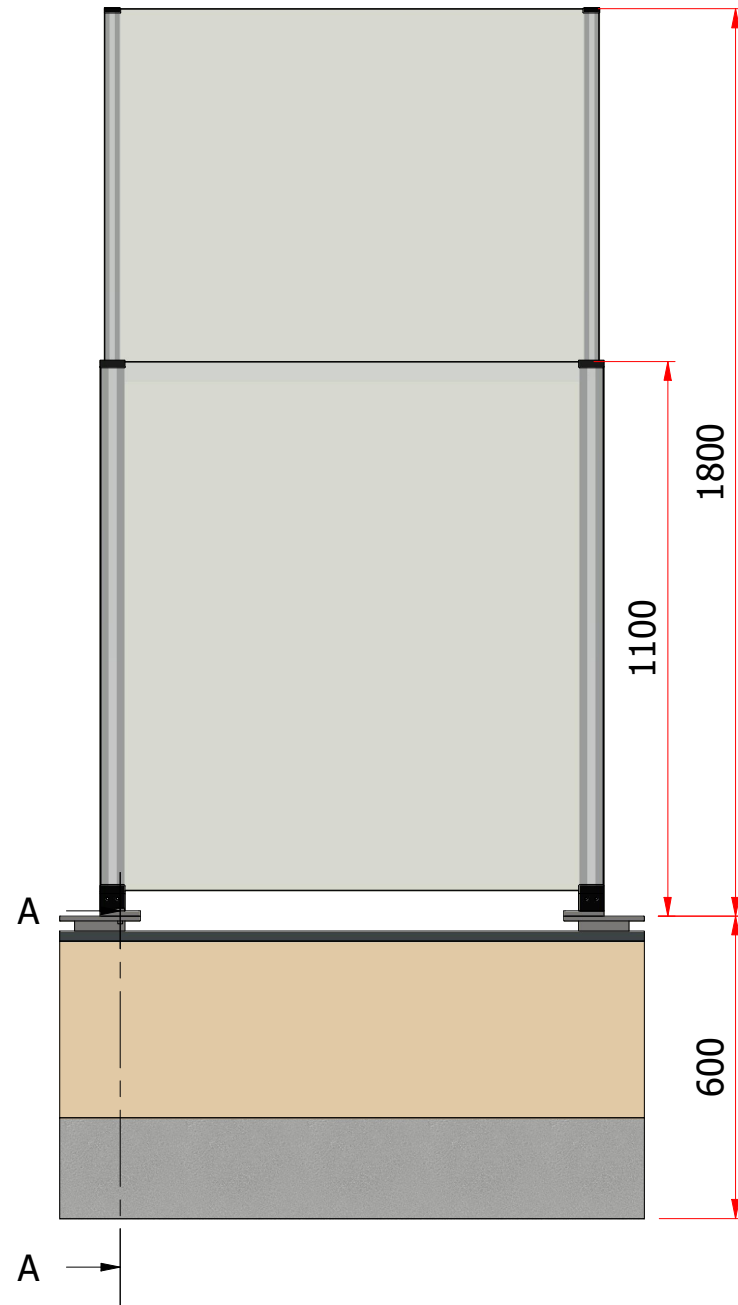
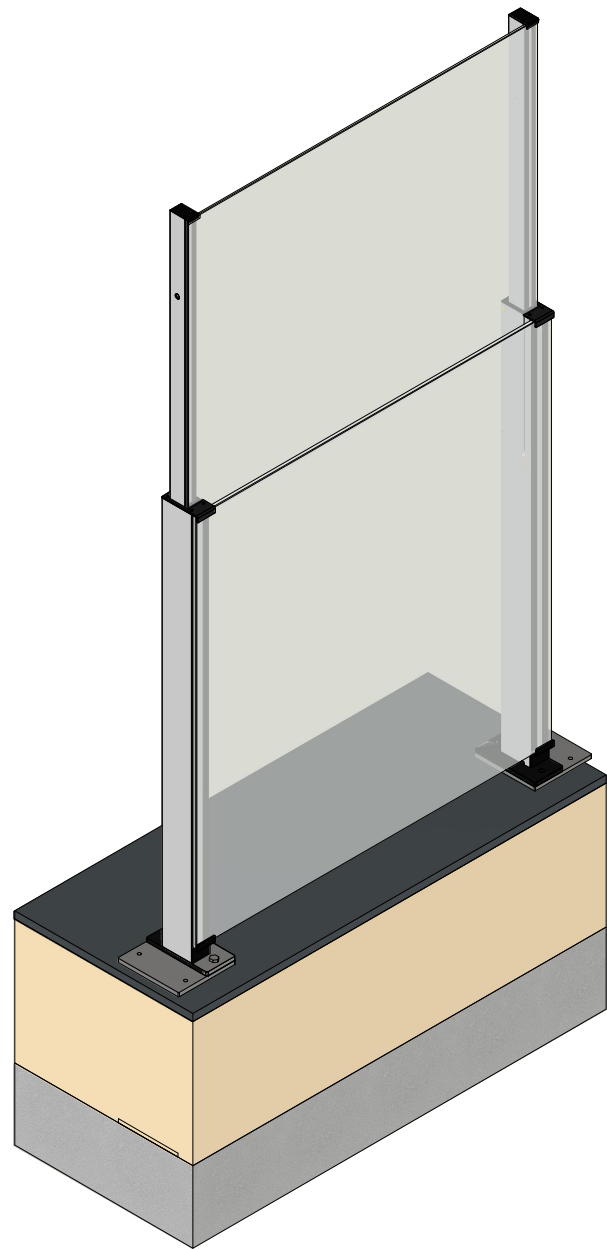
Figure 6: Results on the graph, (load to deflection ratio)

### 3.2. Impact test resistance

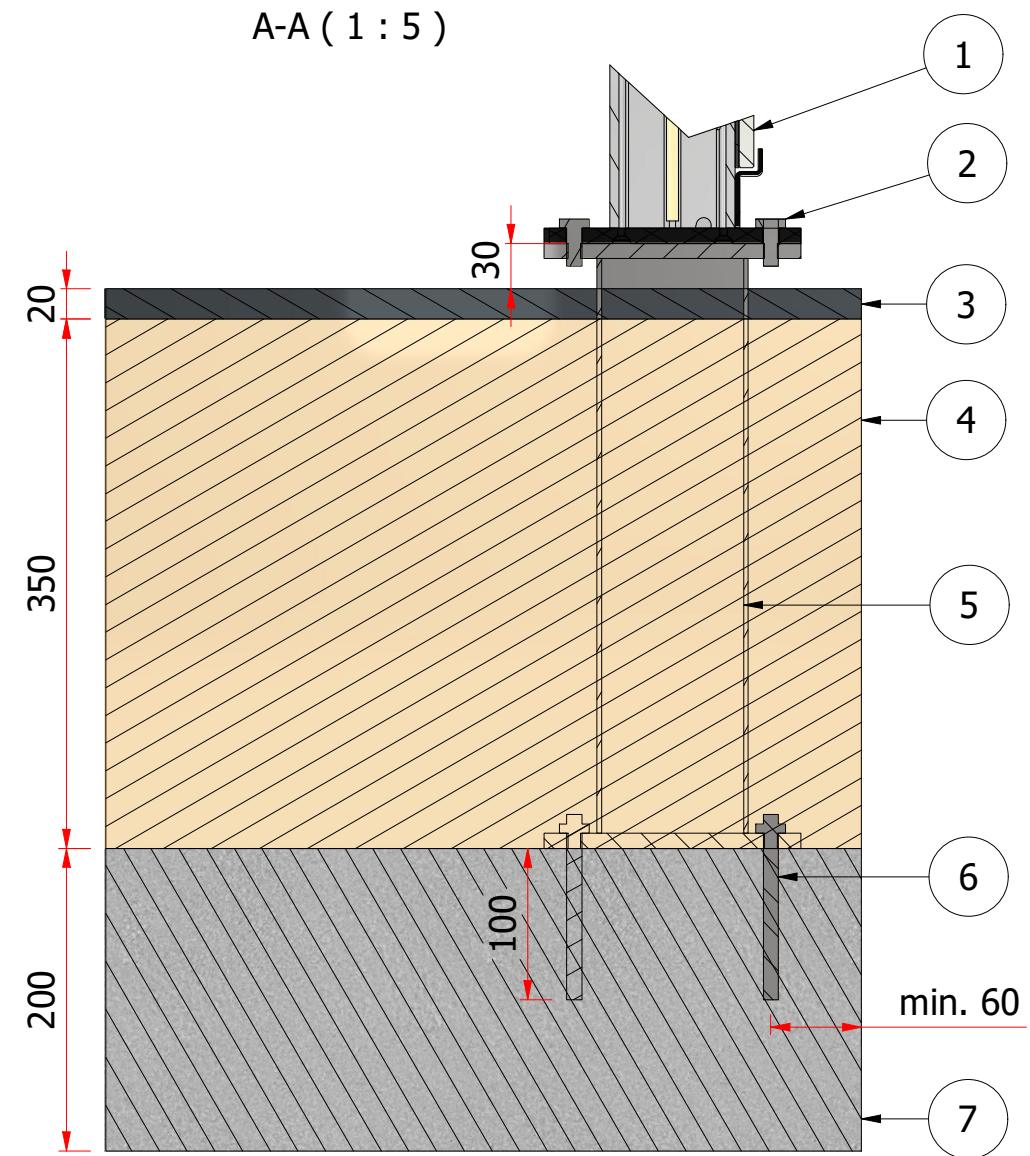
Balustrade resisted 3 times test of soft body impact. After each hit, the whole structure was inspected for potential permanent deformation or connections damage. None was noticed.

## 4. Comments

The tests carried out can help in assessing the performance of the railing. In the most standards, method of testing is the same or very similar. However, there are no universal international standard for the assessment of guardrail performance. The relevant standards and laws of each country have to be followed. Don't matter what is mentioned in the report.



LIST OF PARTS		
POSITION	QUANTITY	PART NUMBER
1	1	BALU.01 1000
2	2	Screw A2, M10x25
3	1	Terrace floor
4	1	Insulation
5	2	Distance
6	4	Chemical anchor
7	1	Balcony plate



**ATTENTION:**  
Mounting the brackets should be done before insulating the building

**RAL - 9005 semi-matt**

Wind-Dam	Designed by Tobiasz	Date 10.02.2023
Additional fixing with insulation		
	Size A3	Sheet 1 / 1